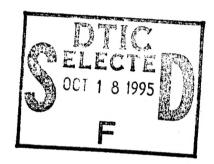
# NAVAL HEALTH RESEARCH CENTER

# **EVALUATION OF THE**

# DOCUMENTATION CAPABILITIES OF THE NAVY'S FIELD MEDICAL DATA COLLECTION PROTOTYPE DEVICE

(MEDTAG)



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Walter W. Wilcox Kristee E. Emens Richard B. Fitzgerald

Medical Information Systems and Operations Research Department

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Naval Health Research Center P.O. Box 85122 San Diego, CA 92186-5122

Report No. 94-33, supported by the Naval Medical Research and Development Command, Department of the Navy, under Work Unit No. 63706N-M0095.005-6102. The views expressed in this article are those of the authors and do not reflect the official policy of position of the Department of Defense, nor the U.S. Government. Approved for public release, distribution unlimited.

#### Abstract

The menu items in the MEDTAG, an automated medical data documentation system, were assessed to verify their comprehensiveness in the variety of injuries, illnesses, treatments, and other related information that can be encountered and documented in the battlefield. The menu items were compared to items from 13 sources of battlefield and trauma information. The source items were categorized by how well the MEDTAG could document them and were then reviewed and verified by staff members of the Field Medical Service School. The findings show that 93% of the source items could be documented by the MEDTAG, which suggests that the menu items are quite comprehensive. Most of the items that could not be documented fall into the category of "Patient Conditions." A new MEDTAG prototype is under development that will have increased memory expansion, which will allow for many menu item additions, especially in the "Patient Conditions" area.

# EVALUATION OF THE DOCUMENTATION CAPABILITIES OF THE NAVY'S FIELD MEDICAL DATA COLLECTION PROTOTYPE DEVICE (MEDTAG)

Complete, accurate documentation of battle casualty management is essential (Department of the Navy, 1990). It provides important medical information to subsequent treatment facilities, it becomes a part of permanent clinical records, and it has significant administrative and epidemiological applications. For these reasons, current medical doctrine specifies that corpsmen carry booklets of the Field Medical Card-DD1380 (FMC) into battle and fill out one or more cards for each casualty encountered. The FMC is designed to chronicle important field medical information, including injury description and treatment given at the first echelon of care, as well as the casualty's identification and other personal data. A study by Wilcox, Galarneau, and Fitzgerald (1993) showed that under simulated battlefield conditions it takes 3 min 26 s on average to fill out the FMC with complete, high-quality information.

Corpsmen on the battlefield, unfortunately, have a very limited time to spend with each casualty and, by necessity, most of that time is spent securing a safe position and administering lifesaving treatments to the patient. Thus, the critical nature of the injury and the urgency of the hostile situation often prevent medical personnel from completely and accurately filling out the FMC. In fact, a review of battlefield records indicates that FMCs are rarely used during combat (Wilcox et al., 1993).

Even when the card is properly completed, several other factors contribute to the deficiency of the current system: the booklets and cards are easily lost or damaged, they are difficult to use at night, a writing instrument is required but not always available, and handwriting is often illegible. Because of these drawbacks, the nature of the injury and the full extent of the treatment given can be unclear or unknown to the next care provider. This may create delays and misdiagnoses as the casualty is seen at successive echelons of care.

In response to these problems, the Navy developed the concept of an electronic medical data collection device (MEDTAG) that would be able to store important medical history items which could be viewed on a small display. It is proposed that such a device be worn by the troops when called to action and, if needed, used by medical personnel to retrieve information about the casualty and to enter data about the injury/illness and treatment provided.

Evaluations conducted by NHRC have tested the feasibility of the MEDTAG and have shown promising results. For example, the two-button (yes/no) method of entering data expedited data input, and field corpsmen quickly learned this process of data entry. The backlit screen, which the user can switch on or off, was shown to enhance nighttime use (Galarneau & Wilcox, 1993a).

In a field study, Navy corpsmen who had advanced field medical training used the

MEDTAG prototype and FMCs to record data under simulated battlefield conditions. The simulated "casualties" wore plastic moulages representing standard injuries (sucking chest wounds and amputated limbs). The results showed that: (1) The corpsmen using the MEDTAG took significantly less time to record the information and had significantly more accurate and reliable data, (2) more than 90% of the medical data for the standard injuries could be documented using the MEDTAG in an average of only 2 min 13 s, and (3) 80 to 90% of all information specified on the FMC could be captured in an average of approximately 40 s using the "activation sequence" (Galarneau & Wilcox, 1993b).

Since the MEDTAG prototype has shown the potential to provide faster, more accurate field medical data, it becomes important to know its capacity to document the full range of medical problems, treatments, and patient conditions which could be encountered on the battlefield. The purpose of this study was to review MEDTAG's menu elements and determine if they are comprehensive enough to sufficiently fulfill the battlefield casualty documentation requirements.

#### Method

#### Description of MEDTAG Prototype

A functional MEDTAG prototype (Figure 1) was created that allows the user to maneuver through a series of menus that presents items in an ordered presentation. Two types of menu structures accomplish this (Fortney, Rosen, & Chu, 1991). The first, called the "activation sequence," consists of prompted menus designed to elicit the most crucial medical facts needed in the field in the most timely manner possible (Appendix A). The second, the "extended menu sequence," is used for documenting more detailed information when time permits (Appendix B). Documentation with the current MEDTAG prototype is achieved by moving through a series of menus and selecting one of more than 200 items which, when selected, are stored in memory as codes.

Two buttons are used in the documentation process. The "no" button moves a cursor through the menu items and the "yes" button selects what is to be documented. The items fall into the following categories: assessment, treatment, condition, disposition, and reassessment. An area in the MEDTAG software called "help" is designed to provide lifesaving information and list the items that have been documented. Within the assessment category, there are 62 (52 specific, 10 general/"other") possible injuries/illnesses available for documentation, as well as 71 possible anatomical locations. A total of 48 different treatments can be documented, along with 14 patient conditions. Several other items are designated as qualifiers, such as "right," "left," "open," or "closed." Also incorporated into the MEDTAG software is the automatic calculation of the Glasgow Coma Scale (Hedges, Feero, Moore, Haver, & Shultz, 1987) and the Revised Trauma Score (Champion, Sacco, & Copes, 1989).

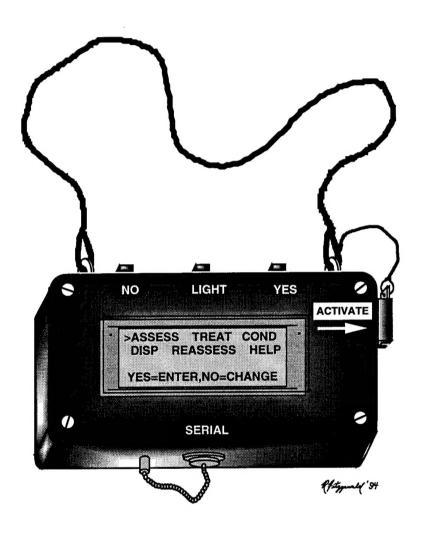


Figure 1. MEDTAG II field test prototype.

### Field Medical Documentation Material

Following an exhaustive review of battlefield medical treatment reports, as well as civilian accident and trauma cases, a set of 13 databases were assembled containing more than 2,500 documentable medical items. These items were derived from a wide variety of medical sources (Appendix C). They include data collection forms, hostile action databases, reports, and material derived from individuals with field medical knowledge. All data sources were chosen for their relevance to field medical documentation, especially in the combat environment.

#### Procedure

Each specific MEDTAG documentation element (menu item) was placed into a database, which became the master file against which all other elements were compared. Each source was similarly broken down into specific elements (i.e., types of injuries and illnesses, treatments, anatomical locations and conditions) and these were also entered into individual databases. A program was designed to compare the source items to the MEDTAG menu items. They were categorized based upon the precision with which they could be documented by the existing MEDTAG terms. Where possible, each source item was associated with a MEDTAG menu item and assigned a category number which represents the level of documentation precision achieved.

To assist in the comparison process, numerous references were assembled (Appendix D). Using those references, the filtering process was undertaken by comparing every source item to the menu items in the MEDTAG prototype. Depending on the precision of the match, source items were either assigned a category number, held for further review, determined to be outside the scope of first echelon documentation, or labeled as too general or inappropriate for comparison. Ultimately, those items held for review were later given a category number or were determined to be out of the scope of first echelon documentation. The following are the definitions of the category numbers and how they were assigned:

<u>Category 1</u>. Each item (e.g., fracture, morphine, respiratory illness, ear) from the source databases were compared to the menu items available in the MEDTAG. When a source element was labeled in precisely the same terminology as the MEDTAG item, it was considered to be an exact match and assigned to Category 1. Items which represented a subset of the MEDTAG elements were also considered matches (e.g. plurals). If the MEDTAG term matched only partially or not at all, the source item was deemed a nonmatch and considered for one of the other categories.

<u>Category 2</u>. An item was accepted and assigned to Category 2 if the difference was only in semantics and not in meaning between the MEDTAG's menu element and the source item. This applies to synonyms (immersion foot vs. trench foot), forms of the word (abraded wound vs. abrasion), and abbreviations (G.S.W. vs. gunshot wound). As long as the definitions of the two elements were determined to be identical, then the term used in the MEDTAG was deemed sufficient for documenting that particular element.

Category 3. The third category addressed the issue of acceptable alternatives for elements not in the MEDTAG. To be considered a Category 3 item, the source item would have to reflect only a very minor change in meaning from the MEDTAG menu item. For a location item, the alternative would have to be in close proximity or have a similar function to be "acceptable" (e.g., thumb vs. finger). For treatment and injuries/illnesses, the alternative would have to allow the next care provider to be able to correctly determine what treatment was given or what was assessed and to be able to make the correct medical decisions (e.g., incision vs. laceration).

Category 4. For all elements remaining, a determination was made as to whether a source item could be appropriately documented in a general manner, or as "other" at a higher, more general level without losing vital information. If so, it was assigned to Category 4. It is important to note that a generalization is acceptable (and often desirable) if: (1) the care provider's understanding of the situation is limited, (2) the event occurs extremely infrequently, (3) the condition is beyond the knowledge or capabilities of the care provider (e.g., determination of an injury by an x-ray when an x-ray machine is not available), and/or (4) it does not affect the next provider's understanding and decision-making capability.

<u>Category 5</u>. Source items that could not be associated with one of the MEDTAG items (i.e., assigned to Categories 1 through 4) were assigned to Category 5.

# Review of Category Assignments

After all of the source items were assigned a category number, a compilation was made of Categories 2, 3, 4, and 5. Each MEDTAG menu item was placed on a separate page, followed by the Category 2, 3, and 4 items that were associated with it. Category 5 items were on a separate list since they were not associated with a specific MEDTAG menu item. All of these items were then reviewed by instructors at the Field Medical Service School (FMSS; Camp Pendleton, CA), one of two facilities where Fleet Marine Force (FMF) corpsmen are trained. They evaluated, altered, and/or verified each item to ensure its appropriateness.

Example of Categorization Process. The source item is "X-RAY." "X-RAY" is not in the MEDTAG, so it does not belong in Category 1. There is not a different term in the MEDTAG that means "X-RAY," so it does not belong in Category 2. No item similar to "X-RAY" is a good alternative, nor is there an item in the MEDTAG that it could be generalized to. Therefore, it does not belong in Category 3 or 4. The term is assigned to Category 5, until it is reviewed. Upon review, it is determined that "X-RAY" is not an option at the first echelon and is therefore deemed an inappropriate item for the MEDTAG.

#### Results

The 13 databases yielded 2,612 items. Some items (700) were duplicated between the different databases. There were 848 items found to be inappropriate for first echelon battlefield documentation (see Appendix E for examples). This left a total of 1064 unique and relevant items which fell into Categories 1 through 5. Of the unique items, 986 were found to be

appropriately documented by the MEDTAG and fell into Categories 1 through 4, according to the FMSS personnel. All of the categorized items that could be documented are included in a list that shows how MEDTAG can sufficiently record each term (Appendix F). Overall, 93% of the unique items considered for this study were documentable by the MEDTAG (Figure 2).

The 78 items that could not be adequately documented (Category 5) are listed in Appendix G. They fall into 11 areas, 9 of which are related to patient conditions. This accounts for 67 of the 78 nondocumentable items. Ten of the remaining eleven items relate to treatment, and one is a problem type.

#### Discussion

Overall, it appears that the current MEDTAG prototype is capable of documenting a very high percentage of all relevant information needed at the first echelon of care, especially concerning injuries, physical locations, and treatments. It is important to note that although many items were generalized as "OTHER" (Category 4), this is acceptable and often warranted at the first echelon where diagnostic and treatment capabilities are limited. Since 9 of the 11 general areas of nondocumentable items relate to patient conditions, it appears that this is the one area of the current MEDTAG prototype that should be expanded. With additions and revisions, primarily to capture the data identified in Appendix G, the MEDTAG will be able to provide comprehensive documentation capabilities to the combat casualty care providers.

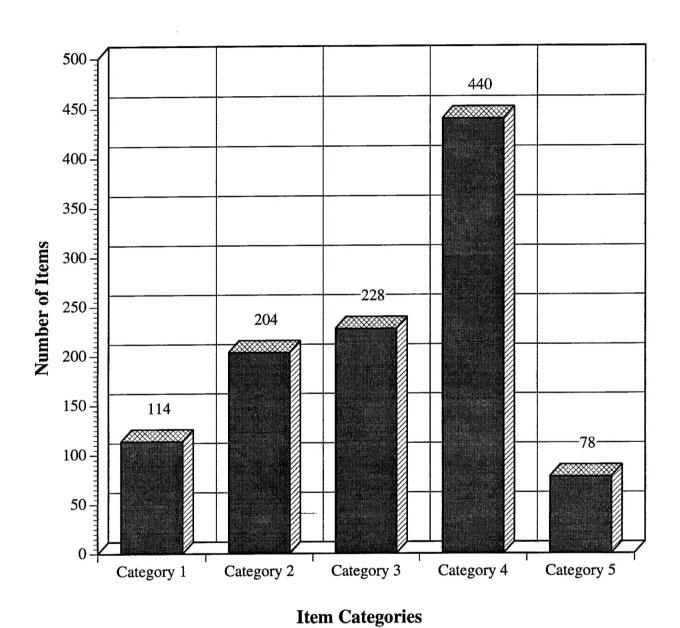


Figure 2. Results of MEDTAG documentation capability evaluation

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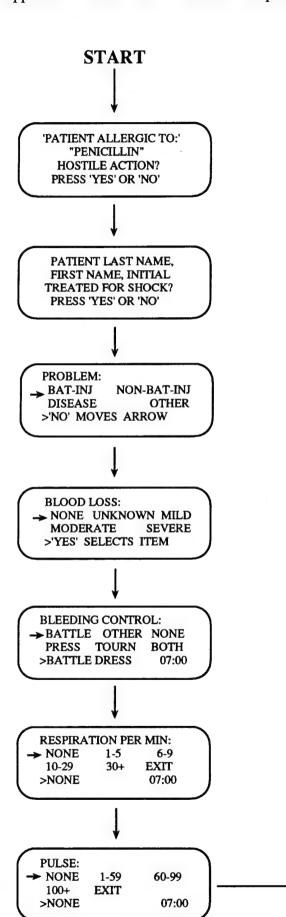
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# **Author Notes**

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#### **MAIN MENU**

→ ASSESS TREAT COND DISP REASSESS HELP YES=ENTER; NO= CHANGE >ASSESSMENT 12:00

#### **INJURY TYPE MENU (ASSESS)**

#### PROBLEM TYPE:

→ WOUND HEAT/COLD NBC DISEASE MORE EXIT >WOUND 12:00

#### **WOUND MENU**

#### WOUND TYPE:

→ TISSUE MUSCLE/SKEL INTERNAL MORE EXIT >TISSUE 12:00

#### TISSUE WOUND MENU

#### TISSUE WOUND:

→LACERATE GSW FRAG EVISCER MORE EXIT >LACERATION 12:00

#### **GUNSHOT EXIT MENU (GSW)**

EXIT WOUND?

PRESS 'YES' OR 'NO'

#### OTHER TISSUE WOUND MENU (MORE)

#### OTHER TISSUE WOUNDS:

→ STAB PUNCTURE BITE ABRASION OTHER EXIT > STAB 12:00

#### PUNCTURE EXIT MENU

EXIT WOUND?

PRESS 'YES' OR 'NO'

#### MUSCLE/SKELETAL MENU

MUSCLE/SKEL INJURY:

→ FRACT DISLOC AMP AVULSION MORE EXIT >FRACTURE 12:00

#### FRACTURE MENU (FRACT)

**OPEN FRACTURE?** 

PRESS 'YES' OR 'NO'

#### OTHER MUSCLE/SKELETAL MENU

#### OTHER MUSCLE/SKELET:

→ SPRAIN STRAIN PULL OTHER EXIT

>SPRAIN

12:00

#### INTERNAL WOUND MENU

#### **INTERNAL INJURY:**

→ CONCUS BLUNT CONTUS BLAST OTHER EXIT >CONCUSSION 12:00

#### OTHER WOUND MENU

#### OTHER WOUND TYPES:

→ SUPERFICIAL OTHER FOREIGN-OBJ EXIT >SUPERFICIAL 12:00

## HEAT/COLD PROBLEM MENU

#### **HEAT/COLD PROBLEM:**

→ HEAT COLD
BURN MORE EXIT
>HEAT PROBLEM 12:00

#### HEAT PROBLEM MENU

#### **HEAT PROBLEM:**

→ STROKE EXHAUSTION DEHYD OTHER EXIT >HEAT STROKE 12:00

#### COLD PROBLEM MENU

#### COLD PROBLEM:

→ FROSTBITE OTHER HYPOTHERMIA EXIT > FROSTBITE 12:00

#### **BURN TYPE MENU**

#### **BURN TYPE:**

→ THERMAL CHEMICAL
OTHER EXIT
> THERMAL BURN 12:00

#### THERMAL BURN MENU

BURN DEGREE?

→ 1ST 2ND 3RD

UNKNOWN EXIT

> 1ST DEGREE 12:00

#### CHEMICAL BURN MENU

BURN DEGREE?

→ 1ST 2ND 3RD

UNKNOWN EXIT

> 1ST DEGREE 12:00

#### OTHER BURN MENU

#### **BURN DEGREE?**

→ 1ST 2ND 3RD UNKNOWN EXIT > 1ST DEGREE 12:00

#### OTHER HEAT/COLD MENU

#### OTHER HEAT/COLD PROB:

→ SMOK-INHAL OTHER IMMERSION-FOOT EXIT >INHALATION 12:00

#### **NBC/CBR AGENT MENU**

#### **NBC/CBR AGENT:**

→ CHEMICAL RADIOLOGIC BIOLOGICAL EXIT >CHEMICAL 12:00

#### **DISEASE MENU**

#### DISEASE:

→ RESP GASTRO SKIN STD OTHER EXIT >RESPIRATORY 12:00

#### OTHER INJURY MENU

#### OTHER INJURY TYPE:

→POISON STROK STRESS INFECT OTHER EXIT >POISON 12:00

#### INJURY LOCATION MENU

#### PROBLEM LOCATION:

→ GEN HEAD UPBODY MID PELVIS EXTREMITIES >GENERAL 12:00

#### GENERAL LOCATION MENU

#### **GENERAL LOCATION:**

→ INTERNAL OVERALL MENTAL NONSPEC EXIT > INTERNAL 12:00

#### **HEAD LOCATION MENU**

**HEAD LOCATION:** 

→BASE TOP 4HEAD SIDE FACE EXIT >BASE OF SKULL 12:00

#### SIDE OF HEAD LOCATION MENU

**HEAD SIDE LOCATION:** 

→ JAW EAR TEMPLE EXIT >JAW 12:00

#### WHICH SIDE MENU

WHICH SIDE?

 → LEFT
 RIGHT

 BOTH
 EXIT

 > LEFT
 12:00

#### **FACE LOCATION MENU**

**FACE LOCATION:** 

→ EYE NOSE MOUTH
CHIN FACE EXIT
> EYE 12:00

#### UPPER BODY LOCATION MENU

**UPPER BODY LOCATION:** 

→ NECK

**SHOULDER** 

CHEST >NECK EXIT 12:00

#### CHEST WOUND MENU

SUCKING CHEST WOUND?

PRESS 'YES' OR 'NO'

#### MIDSECTION LOCATION MENU

MIDSECTION LOCATION:

→ SPINE

ABDOMEN BACK EXIT

SIDE >SPINE

12:00

#### PELVIS LOCATION MENU

PELVIS LOCATION:

→ HIP

BUTTOCKS

**GENITALS** 

**EXIT** 

>HIP

12:00

#### **EXTREMITIES LOCATION MENU**

**EXTREMITIES LOC.:** 

→ ARM

LEG

**EXIT** 

>ARM

12:00

#### ARM LOCATION MENU

ARM LOCATION:

→UPPER ELBOW 4ARM WRIST HAND FING EXIT

>UPPER

12:00

#### LEG LOCATION MENU

LEG LOCATION:

→UPPER KNEE SHINCALF ANKLE FOOT TOE EXIT

>UPPER LEG

12:00

#### TREATMENTS MENU

TREATMENTS:

→ DRESS APPS AIRWAY
MEDS MORE EXIT
>DRESSINGS 12:00

#### **DRESSINGS MENU**

DRESSINGS:

→ BATTLE WET PRESSURE OCCLUS MORE EXIT > BATTLE 12:00

#### OTHER DRESSINGS MENU

OTHER DRESSINGS:

→ MUSLIN RGAUZE GEL VGAUZE OTHER EXIT > MUSLIN 12:00

#### APPLICATIONS MENU

#### APPLICATIONS:

→ TOURN SPLINT SLING SWATHE MORE EXIT >TOURNIQUET 12:00

#### OTHER APPLICATIONS MENU

#### OTHER APPLICATIONS:

→DECON-WIPE TUBE IMMOBILIZE EXIT > DECONTAMINATE 12:00

#### **IMMOBILIZE MENU**

#### **IMMOBILIZATION OF:**

→ PATIENT

OBJECT EXIT >PATIENT 12:00

#### **AIRWAY MENU**

#### **AIRWAY TREATMENTS:**

→ VENT INTUBATE TRACH CRICO OTHER EXIT >ASSISTED VENT 12:00

#### **INTUBATE MENU**

#### **INTUBATION TYPE:**

→ ET-TUBE NG-TUBE EXIT >ET TUBE 12:00

#### MEDICATIONS MENU

#### **MEDICATIONS:**

→ATROP 2PAM VALIUM IV MORPH OTHER EXIT >ATROPINE 12:00

#### ATROPINE MENU

#### ATROPINE INJECTORS:

PAST 24 hr. TOTAL: 0

→1 2 3 4 5 EXIT >1 INJECTOR 12:00

#### TWOPAM MENU

#### 2PAMCHLOR INJECTORS:

PAST 24 hr. TOTAL: 0 →1 2 3 4 5 EXIT >1 INJECTOR 12:00

#### VALIUM MENU

VALIUM (mg):

PAST 24 hr. TOTAL: 0 → 5 10 EXIT

> 5 mg 12:00

### IV MENU

IV's:

→ RINGERS SALINE
D5W BLOOD EXIT
>R. LACTATE 12:00

#### MORPHINE MENU

MORPHINE (mg)

PAST 24 hr. TOTAL: 0

→8 16 24 32 EXIT

>8 mg

12:00

#### OTHER TREATMENTS MENU

OTHER TREATMENTS:

→ AFFECTED-SIDE CPR SHOCK OTHER EXIT

> PLACED ON SIDE

12:00

#### CONDITION MENU

PATIENT CONDITION:

→ SHOCK CONSCIOUSNESS PULSE RESP EXIT

> PATIENT IN SHOCK 12:00

#### **CONSCIOUSNESS MENU**

CONSCIOUSNESS LEVEL:

→ ALERT VERBAL PAIN UNRESPONSIVE EXIT

>ALERT

12:00

#### PULSE MENU

PULSE:

→ NONE 1-59 60-99 100+ EXIT >NONE 12:00

#### **RESPIRATION MENU**

**RESPIRATION PER MIN:** 

→ NONE 1-5

1-5 30+ F

10-29 >NONE )+ EXIT 12:00

#### **DISPOSITION MENU**

DISPOSITION:

→ ACTION TAKEN

PROVIDER

**EXIT** 

6-9

>ACTION TAKEN

12:00

#### **DISPOSITION TAKEN MENU**

**ACTION TAKEN:** 

→ EVACUATED RETURNED

**EXPIRED** 

EXIT

>EVACUATED

12:00

#### **EVACUATION MENU**

**EVACUATION TYPE:** 

→ MEDEVAC AMBULATORY

EXIT

>MEDEVAC

12:00

#### PROVIDER MENU

MEDICAL PROVIDER:

→ CORPSMAN BUDDY SELF DOCTOR OTHER EXIT

>CORPSMAN/MEDIC

12:00

#### REASSESSMENT MENU

#### REASSESSMENT:

→ VITALS RELIGION
ORDERS SHOCK EXIT
>VITAL SIGNS 12:00

#### VITALS MENU

#### VITALS:

→ BP BLOOD LOSS PULSE GLASGOW RESP EXIT > SYSTOLIC BP 12:00

#### **BLOOD PRESSURE MENU**

#### SYS. BLOOD PRESSURE:

→90+ 76-89 50-75 1-49 NONE EXIT >90+ 12:00

#### **BLOOD LOSS MENU**

#### **BLOOD LOSS:**

→NONE UNKNOWN SEVERE MODERATE MILD EXIT >NONE 12:00

#### **GLASGOW MENU**

GLASGOW COMA SCALE:

→EYE VERBAL MOTOR

EXIT

>EYE OPENING 12:00

#### EYE OPENING MENU

EYE OPENING LEVEL:

→ SPONTANEOUS VOICE
PAIN NONE EXIT
>SPONTANEOUS 12:00

#### VERBAL MENU

**VERBAL LEVEL:** 

→ORIENT CONFUS INAPP INCOMP EXIT >ORIENTED 12:00

#### **MOTOR MENU**

MOTOR LEVEL:

→OBEYS-COMMAND LOCAL PAIN-RESPONSE EXIT >OBEYS-COMMAND 12:00

#### PAIN RESPONSE MENU

#### **RESPONSE TO PAIN:**

→ WITHDRAWS FLEXION EXTENSION EXIT >WITHDRAWS 12:00

#### **RELIGIOUS SERVICES MENU**

**RELIGIOUS SERVICES** 

→ BAPT ANOINT CONFESS PRAY COMMUNION EXIT >BAPTISM 12:00

#### ORDERS MENU

#### ORDERS:

→ ANTIBIOTICS TETANUS MEDS OTHER EXIT > ANTIBIOTICS 12:00

#### **MEDICATIONS MENU**

#### **MEDICATIONS:**

→ATROP 2PAM VALIUM IV MORPH OTHER EXIT >ATROPINE 12:00

#### HELP/SHOW DATA MENU

**HELP/SHOW-DATA:** 

→ SHOW-DATA SHOW-ID HELP/HOW-TO EXIT >SHOW-DATA 12:00

#### HELP MENU

HELP ON HOW TO:

→ENTER-DATA STOP-CHOKING >ENTER DATA

EXIT 12:00

### Appendix C: Sources Used to Compare to the MEDTAG Items

- 1. General and Medical Cards
  - A. NHRC Compilation From Research
  - B. Original Field Medical Card (DD Form 1380)
  - C. Revised Field Medical Card
- 2. Medical Checklists
  - A. Medical Encounter Data Sheet (MEDS, NHRC6320.20)
  - B. Triage Trauma Flow Sheet
  - C. Admitting & Sorting Worksheet
  - D. Triage and Revised Trauma Score (NHRC + SF600back)
- 3. Medical Forms
  - C. Vital Signs Record (SF511)
  - D. Casualty Receiving Trauma Flow Sheet (SF509)
- 4. Other Data
  - A. Trauma Study Data Form, Version 1.04. From <u>Application of a Trauma Database</u> to the Evaluation of an Expert System for Trauma Management, Prepared by Robert F. Fraser, NorthWest Research Associates, Inc., NWRA-CR-93-R110, 1994. Final report prepared for Geo-Centers, Inc.
  - B. <u>Medical Statistics in World War II</u>. Prepared and published under the direction of Lieutenant General Richard R. Taylor, Surgeon General, United States Army, Office of the Surgeon General, Department of the Army, Washington, D.C.: 1975.
  - C. Miscellaneous Data Sets
    - i. Desert Storm Data Raw data taken directly from Triage and Revised Trauma Score forms completed at a trauma center in Al Khanjar.
    - ii. Fleet Data Raw data taken directly from various medical data forms.
    - iii. Panama Data <u>Operation: Just Cause, CONUS Patient Data</u>, Prepared by MAJ R.W. Campbell and Ms. M. Middleton, Directorate of Combat Development Academy of Health Sciences, Fort Sam Houston, Texas.
- 5. Reports
  - A. Medical Resource Allocation: Injury and Disease Incidence Among

    Marines in Vietnam, by CG Blood, DK Griffith, & CB Nirona. TR 89-36

    Naval Health Research Center: San Diego, CA.

# Appendix D: References Used for Justification

#### 1. General

- A. Common Knowledge of a Nonmedical Nature
   Standard Abbreviations
   Commonly Used Terms
- B. Dictionary:
   <u>Webster's II New Riverside University Dictionary</u>. (1984). The Riverside Publishing Company.
- Medical Dictionary:
   <u>Dorland's Illustrated Medical Dictionary</u> (26th ed.). (1985). W.B. Saunders Company.
- D. NHRC Medical Researcher Consensus (ICD-9 Codes)
- 2. Training Manuals
  - A. Field Medical Service School Student Manual/Fleet Marine Force Manual
  - B. Nursing Procedures Manual (NAVMED P-5066-A)
- 3. Field Medical Authorities From FMSS and Other Areas
  - A. Combat Medical Personnel

# Appendix E: Typical Examples of Items Inappropriate for First Echelon Documentation

X-RAY
VISION SCREENING
AUDIOGRAM
ESOPHAGEAL OBTURATOR AIRWAY
AIDS

LAB TEST(S)
NITROGLYCERINE
WARD NO.
PRESENTING PROBLEM
REGULAR DIET

# Appendix F:

This list shows the *MEDTAG* items (those followed by \* \*\*\*) and then source items that can be documented by each MEDTAG item. Source items can sometimes be documented by more than one MEDTAG term. Source items are written out as found in the original source.

Category No. Re	eference	<u>Item</u>	
*	***		TIME AND DATE OF DOCUMENTATION
2	1A		TODAY'S DATE
	1A		HOUR AND DATE
3 3 3 3 3 3	1A		TIME OF ARRIVAL
3	1A		DATE
3	1 <b>A</b>		TIME
3	1A		TIME ADMITTED
	1A		MONTH-YEAR
3	1A		DAY
3 3 3	1A		HOUR
	1A		HOUR TAGGED
3	1A		DATE TAGGED
*	***		TIME AND DATE OF TREATMENT
3	1A		MEDICATIONS TIME
4	1A		HOUR AND DATE MORPHINE
4	1A		HOUR AND DATE A.T. SERUM
4	1A		HOUR AND DATE ANTIBIOTICS
*	***		TIME AND DATE OF ASSESSMENT
3	1A		DATE INJURED
3	1A		TIME INJURED
3	1A		HOUR INJURED
3	1 <b>A</b>		REASSESSMENT DATE
3	1A		REASSESSMENT TIME
3	1A		TIME OF INJURY
*	***		REVISED TRAUMA SCORE (COMPUTED)
2	1A		TRAUMA SCORE CALCULATION
2	1A		TRAUMA SCORE
3	1 <b>A</b>		PREDICTED SURVIVAL
*	***		GLASGOW COMA SCORE (COMPUTED)
2	1A		G.C.S.
2	1A		GLASGOW COMA SCALE

4	3A	STABLE CONDITION
4	3A	MILD CONDITION
4	3A	MODERATE CONDITION
4	1A	CRITICAL CONDITION
4	1A	UNSTABLE CONDITION
*	***	SPECIAL CONDITION FIELD 1
2	2B	ALLERGIES
4	1A	FOOD ALLERGY
*	***	SPECIAL CONDITION FIELD 2
2	1A	DRUG REACTION
*	***	RELIGION
2	2B	REL.
*	***	CDECLATTI CODE
		SPECIALTY CODE
2 2	1A	N.E.C.
2	1A	M.O.C.
*	***	UNIT
2	1A	ASSIGNED TO UNIT
2	1A	ASSIGNED TO SHIP
	1A	ASSIGNED TO BATTALION
2 2 3	1A	ASSIGNED TO SQUADRON
3	1A	PATIENT UNIT
4	1A	POST
*	***	FORCE
2	1A	BRANCH
2	1A	B.O.S.
2	1B	BRANCH OF SERVICE NAVY
2 2	1B	BRANCH OF SERVICE MARINE CORPS
	1B	BRANCH OF SERVICE ARMY
2 2	1B	BRANCH OF SERVICE AIR FORCE
2	1B	BRANCH OF SERVICE OTHER
3	1A	BRANCH AND TRADE
2	1A	U.S.N.
2	1A	U.S.M.C.
2	1A	U.S.A.F.
2	1A	U.S. ARMY
2	1A	OTHER BRANCH
*	***	NATION

*	***	SEX
2	1B	SEX MALE
2	1B	SEX FEMALE
1	***	SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
2	1A	S.S.N.
2	1A	PATIENT NUMBER
2 3	1A	PATIENT S.S.N.
	1A	SERVICE NUMBER
4	1A	NUMBER
*	***	BLOOD TYPE
2	1A	B.T.
3	1A	TYPE SPECIFIC
*	***	RANK
2	1B	GRADE
2 2 2 2	1B	PAYGRADE
2	1B	PAYGRADE E
2	1B	PAYGRADE W
2	1B	PAYGRADE O
2	1A	RATE
2	1A	PATIENT RANK
*	***	DATE OF BIRTH
2	2B	DOB
3	1A	PATIENT AGE
3	1A	AGE
*	***	MIDDLE INITIAL
2	1A	NAME MI
2	1A	NAME-MIDDLE
2	1A	MIDDLE NAME
*	***	FIRST NAME
2	1A	NAME FIRST
2	1A	NAME-FIRST
*	***	LAST NAME
2	1A	NAME LAST
3	1A	NAME
3	1A	PATIENT NAME
2	1A	NAME-LAST

*	***	LACERATION
2	1B	LACERATED WOUND
2	1A	LAC
*	***	GUNSHOT WITH EXIT WOUND
3	1A	EXIT WOUND?
4	1A	PERFORATION
4	1A	THRU & THRU
*	***	GUNSHOT WITHOUT EXIT
3	1A	GUNSHOT WOUND
2	2B	G.S.W.
3	1A	9MM WOUND
2	1A	GUNSHOT WOUND
2	1A	BULLET WOUND
4	1A 1A	PENETRATING
4		
4	1A	HOW MANY GUNSHOTS?
4	1A	ENTRANCE WOUND
*	***	FRAGMENTATION WOUND
2	1A	FRAG WOUND
3	1A	GRENADE WOUND
3 2 3	1A	SHRAPNEL INJURY
2	1A	SHRAPNEL WOUND
3	3A	METAL FRAGMENTS
4	1A	MULTIPLE FRAGMENT WOUNDS
*	***	EVISCERATION
*	***	STAB WOUND
2	1A	KNIFE WOUND
3	1A	BAYONET WOUND
4	1A	HOW MANY STAB WOUNDS?
		The war was a way of the way of t
*	***	PUNCTURE WITH EXIT WOUND
3	1A	EXIT INJURY
*	***	PUNCTURE WITHOUT EXIT
3	1A	PUNCTURE
3	1A	PUNCTURE WOUND
*	***	D <i>ette</i>
		BITE
3	3A	INSECT BITE
3	3A	ANIMAL BITE

3	3A	REPTILE BITE
3	3A	HUMAN BITE
4	1C	RABIES EXPOSURE
*	***	ABRASION
2	1B	GRAZING
2	1B	ABRADED WOUND
*	***	OTHER TISSUE WOUND
3	3A	STING
3	1A	FLESH WOUND
3	1A	SOFT TISSUE TRAUMA
3	3A	INSECT STING
*	***	OPEN FRACTURE
2	1A	OPEN FX
2	1C	COMPOUND FRACTURE
4	1A	NOT SIMPLE
*	***	CLOSED FRACTURE
2	1B	FRACTURED
4	1C	COLLES FRACTURE
4	1A	MULTIPLE FRACTURES
2	1B	FRACTURE
4	1C	COMMINUTED FX
4	1C	EVICULAR FRACTURE
2	2B	FX
2	1C	SIMPLE FRACTURE
4	1C	COMMINUTED FRACTURE
4	1C	COMPRESSION FRACTURE
4	1C	DEPRESSED FRACTURE
4	1C	INCOMPLETE FRACTURE
4	1C	COMPRESSION
4	1C	GREENSTICK
4	1C	OBLIQUE FRACTURE
4	1C	SPIRAL FRACTURE
3	1A	SHATTERED BONE
*	***	DISLOCATION
3	1C	DERANGEMENT
3	1A	CHRONIC DISLOCATION
3	IA	CINONIC DISLOCATION
*	***	AMPUTATION
3	1B	TRAUMATIC AMPUTATION

*	***	AVULSION
3	1B	TEAR
3	1A	TRAUMATIC AVULSION
*	***	CDDAIN
	-	SPRAIN
3 2	1A	SPRAIN/STRAIN
2	1A	SPRAIN OF JOINT
*	***	STRAIN
3	1B	CERVICAL STRAIN
*	***	PULL
*	***	OTHER MUSCLE/SKELETAL INJURY
4	1D	TENDONITIS
4	1D	JOINT DERANGEMENT
4	1D	INTERVERTEBRAL DISC DISORDER
2	1D	MUSCULOSKELETAL OTHER
2	1A	MUSCULOSKELETAL PROBLEM
2	1A	MUSCULOSKELETAL
4	1A	LIGAMENT DAMAGE
4	1A	JOINTS GENERALLY
4	1A	CRUSHING
4	1A	LIGAMENT TEAR
4	3A	CREPITUS
4	1A	TORN CARTILAGE
4	3A	BURSITIS
4	1A	CRUSHING INJURY
*	***	CONCUSSION
4	1C	HEAD INJURY
4	1C	BRAIN INJURY
4	1A	HEAD TRAUMA
4	1A 1A	CRANIO INJURY
*	***	BLUNT TRAUMA
3	1A	HIT BY FIST OR KICKED
*	***	CONTUSION
2	1C	BRUISE
3	1C	ECCHYMOSIS
3	1C	НЕМАТОМА
3	1A	OPEN CONTUSION

*	***	BLAST TRAUMA
2	1B	BLAST INJURY
2	ID	BEAST INJUNT
*	***	OTHER INTERNAL WOUND
4	1A	RUPTURE
4	1A	MAJOR ORGAN DAMAGE
4	1A	ORGAN DAMAGE
4	1A 1A	ARTERY DAMAGE
4	1A 1A	NERVE DAMAGE
3	1A 1A	CLOSED INJURY
4	1C	AIR EMBOLISM
4	1A	PULMONARY CONTUSION
4	IA	TOEMONART CONTESION
*	***	SUPERFICIAL WOUND
3	1A	MINOR WOUND
2	1A	SUPERFICIAL
<i>L</i>	111	001 D. (1011 12
*	***	OTHER WOUND TYPE
4	1A	WOUND
4	1A	PROJECTILE WOUND
4	1A	CLOSED WOUND
4	1A	OPEN WOUND
3	1A	INJURY
3	1A	TRAUMA
3 2	1A	OTHER WOUND
3	1B	TRAUMATISM
4	1A	INTRAOCULAR FLUID LOSS
4	1A	ACUTE DISTRESS
4	1A	MULTIPLE TRAUMA
4	1A	SMALL WOUND
4	1A	DENTAL
4	1A	DECOMPRESSION
7	171	
*	***	FOREIGN OBJECT
2	1A	FOREIGN BODY
3	3A	IMPALED OBJECT
3	3A	FOREIGN BODY RETAINED
*	***	HEAT STROKE
*	***	EXHAUSTION (HEAT)
2	1A	HEAT EXHAUSTION
*	***	DEHYDRATION (HEAT)

*	***	OTHER HEAT PROBLEM
3	1A	HEAT INJURY (PRIMARY)
3	1A	HEAT INJURY (SECONDARY)
3	1C	HYPERTHERMIA
3	1A	EFFECTS OF HEAT
*	***	FROSTBITE
*	***	OTHER COLD PROBLEM
3	1A	COLD INJURY
3	1A	OTHER EFFECTS OF COLD
4	1A	DEHYDRATION (COLD)
*	***	HYPOTHERMIA
*	***	THERMAL BURN DEGREE 1
*	***	THERMAL BURN DEGREE 2
*	***	THERMAL BURN DEGREE 3
*	***	THERMAL BURN DEGREE UNSPECIFIED
2	1A	BURN (HEAT)
2	1A	THERMAL BURN
2	1A	FIRE BURN
*	***	CHEMICAL BURN DEGREE 1
*	***	CHEMICAL BURN DEGREE 2
*	***	CHEMICAL BURN DEGREE 3
*	***	CHEMICAL BURN DEGREE UNSPECIFIED
2	1A	CHEMICAL BURN
4	3A	PHOSPHOROUS BURN
2	1A	BURN (CHEMICAL)
*	***	OTHER BURN DEGREE 1
3	1A	1ST DEGREE BURN
*	***	OTHER BURN DEGREE 2
3	1A	2ND DEGREE BURN

*	***	OTHER BURN DEGREE 3
3	1A	3RD DEGREE BURN
3	IA	SKD DEGKEE BUKIN
*	***	OTHER BURN DEGREE UNSPECIFIED
3	1A	BURN
4	3A	ELECTRICAL BURN
4	3A	ELECTROCUTION
4	3A	ELECTRIC SHOCK
4	3A	ELECTRICAL SHOCK
4	3A	HOT LIQUID BURN
4	3A	ELECT. SHOCK, WIRE
4	3A	ELECT. SHOCK, LIGHTNING
*	***	INHALATION (SMOKE)
*	***	OTHER HEAT/COLD PROBLEM
*	***	IMMERSION FOOT
2	2A	TRENCH FOOT
2	2A	BOMB SHELTER FOOT
2	2A	WATER BITE
*	***	CHEMICAL AGENT EXPOSURE
2	1 <b>A</b>	CHEMICAL CONTAMINATION
4	1A	DELETERIOUS EFFECTS OF GAS
*	***	RADIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE
*	***	BIOLOGICAL AGENT EXPOSURE
4	3A	ANTHRAX
*	***	RESPIRATORY DISEASE
4	2A	TONSILLITIS
4	2A	INFLUENZA
4	2A	BRONCHITIS
4	2B	U.R.I.
4	1D	PHARYNGITIS
4	1D	ASTHMA
4	1D	SINUSITIS
4	1D	INHALATION DISORDER
4	1A	LUNG DISEASE
4	1A	HAY FEVER
4	3A	RESPIRATORY VIRAL SYNDROME
4	1D	PNEUMONIA

	110	RHINITIS
4	1D	RESPIRATORY OTHER
3	1D	RESPIRATORY PROBLEM
2	1A	RESPIRATORY
2	1A	COMMON COLD
4	1C	
4	1C	TUBERCULOSIS
4	1A	PNEUMOCOCCAL INFECT. OTHER
4	1A	STAPHYLOCOCCAL INFECTION
4	2B	UPPER RESPIRATORY INFECTION
4	3A	REACTIVE AIRWAY DISEASE
4	3A	PLEURISY
*	***	GASTROINTESTINAL DISEASE
4	1D	ACUTE GASTROENTERITIS
4	1D	ULCER
4	1A	BOTULISM
4	1C	PERITONITIS
4	1C	GASTRITIS
4	1A	BACTERIAL FOOD POISONING
4	1D	DIARRHEA
4	1D	CONSTIPATION
4	1D	APPENDICITIS
4	3A	DYSENTERY
3	1D	GASTROINTESTINAL OTHER
2	1A	GASTROINTESTINAL PROBLEM
4	1D	COLITIS
4	1C	CHOLERA
4	1C	NAUSEA
4	1C	EMESIS
4	3A	INTESTINAL STAPH. INFECTION
4	3A	INTESTINAL SALMONELLA INFECT.
4	3A	GASTROINTESTINAL VIRAL SYNDROME
4	3A	FOOD POISONING
4	1A	GASTRITIS
4	1A	ENTERITIS
4	1A	INTESTINAL OBSTRUCTION
4	1A	INFLUENZA
3	2B	GI
3	25	<b>G1</b>
*	***	SKIN DISEASE FUNGAL INFECTION (TINEA)
4	1D	PYODERMA
4	1D	
4	1D	DERMATITIS
4	1D	SCABIES

4	1D	CELLULITIS
4	1D	FOLLICULITIS
4	1D	PEDICULOSIS
4	1D	WART
4	1C	FURUNCLE
4	1A	ERYSIPELAS
4	1A	PSORIASIS
4	1A	ECZEMA
4	1C	URTICARIA
4	1D	HEAT RASH
4	1D	INGROWN TOENAIL
3.	1D	SKIN OTHER
2	1D	SKIN PROBLEM
4	1D	BOIL
4	1D	ABSCESS
4	1D	CARBUNCLE
3	1D	SKIN
4	1B	SUNBURN
4	1B	BLISTER
4	3A	ATHLETE'S FOOT
*	***	STD
4	1D	GONORRHEA
4	1D	NON-SPECIFIC URETHRITIS
4	1D	GENITAL HERPES VIRUS
4	1D	SYPHILIS
4	1C	LYMPHOGRANULOMA VENEREUM
4	1C	INGUINALE GRANULOMA
4	1D	CHANCROID
3 2	1D	STD OTHER
	1D	STD PROBLEM
4	1A	CHLAMYDIA
4	1A	H.P.V.
4	1C	GONOCOCCAL INFECTION
4	1A	HERPES
4	3A	PELVIC INFLAMMATORY DISEASE
*	***	OTHER DISEASE
4	1D	OTITIS EXTERNA
4	1D 1D	OTITIS EXTERITA OTITIS MEDIA
4	1D 1D	CONJUNCTIVITIS
4	1D	EYE/EAR OTHER
4	1D	ACTIVE CLINICAL TUBERCULOSIS
4	1D 1D	FEVER OF UNDETERMINED ORIGIN
7	110	TEAR OF GROEFFRAMINED ORIGIN

4	1D	HERPES SIMPLEX VIRUS
4	1D	EYE/EAR PROBLEM
4	1A	NON-GONOCOCCAL URETHRITIS
4	1A	FOOT DISEASE
4	1C	WEIL'S DISEASE
4	1A	ENCEPHALOMYELITIS
4	1C	RABIES
4	1C	FUNGI DISEASE
4	1C	HELMINTH DISEASE
4	1C	ARTHROPOD INFESTATION
4	1A	CANCER
4 -	1C	AMENORRHEA
4	1C	ANEMIA
4	1A	FEBRILE ILLNESS
4	1A	GANGRENE
4	1A	PARASITIC DISEASE
4	1A	BONE DISEASE
4	1A	RHEUMATIC FEVER
4	1A	BLOOD DISEASE
4	1A	JAUNDICE
4	1C	RICKETTSIAL DISEASE
4	1A	KERATOCONJUNCTIVITIS
4	1A	SANDFLY FEVER
4	1A	PARATYPHOID FEVER
4	1A	SMALL POX
3	1A	SICK
4	1A	INFECTIOUS ENCEPHALITIS
4	1C	INFECTIOUS MONONUCLEOSIS
4	1A	SPIROCHETES DISEASE
4	1C	KALA-AZAR
4	1C	TRYPANOSOMIASIS
4	1C	GLANDERS
4	1A	DIPHTHERIA
4	1 A	BACTERIAL INFECTION, OTHER
4	1C	WHOOPING COUGH
4	1C	LEISHMANIASIS
4	1C	DENGUE
4	1A	UNDULANT FEVER
4	1A	PROTOZOAN DISEASE
4	1C	BRUCELLOSIS
4	1A	PLAGUE
4	1C	TULAREMIA
4	1A	YELLOW FEVER
4	1A	MALARIA

4	1A	JOINT DISEASE
4	1A	CYSTITIS
4	1A	MENSTRUAL DISORDER
2	1A	DISEASE OTHER
2	1A	DISEASE
4	1C	INFECTIOUS HEPATITIS
4	1A	MENINGITIS
4	1C	MUMPS
4	1C	TYPHOID
4	1C	DIPHTHERIA
4	1C	LARYNGITIS
4	1C	RUBEOLA
4	1C	SCARLET FEVER
4	1C	STREPTOCOCCAL SORE THROAT
4	1C	TONSILLITIS
4	1C	TUBERCULOSIS
4	1C	RUBELLA
4	1C	CHICKEN POX
4	1C	MENINGITIS, MENINGOCOCCAL
4	1C	STREPTOCOCCAL INFECT OTHER
4	1A	CONJUNCTIVAL
4	1C	CRUSH SYNDROME
4	1A	INFECTIOUS DISEASE
4	1A	BACTERIAL DISEASE
4	1A	INTOXICATION
4	1A	NEUROLOGICAL ABNORMALITY
4	1D	HEMORRHOIDS
4	1D	MOTION SICKNESS
4	1 A	EMBOLISM
*	***	POISON
2	1B	POISONING
4	1C	SEPTICEMIA
4	3A	MORPHINE POISONING
3	3A	FOOD POISONING
4	3A	ACUTE POISONING
4	3A	TOXIC INHALATION
4	3A	BACTERIAL INTOXICATION
*	***	STROKE
*	***	STRESS
2	3A	MENTAL STRESS
3	3A	PSYCHOLOGICAL PROBLEM

3	1D	ANXIETY
4	1A	MENTAL DISORDER
3	1A	ACUTE REACTION TO STRESS
4	1A	CONDUCT DISORDER
3	1D	SITUATIONAL DISTURBANCE
4	1D	DEPRESSION
4	1D	BEHAVIORAL OTHER
4	3A	BEHAVIORAL PROBLEM
2	3A	COMBAT EXHAUSTION
4	3A	PSYCHOSIS
·	<b>3.1</b>	1010110
*	***	INFECTION
4	3A	STREPTOCOCCAL INFECTION
*	***	OTHER INJURY TYPE
4	1D	HERNIA
4	1D	IMMUNOLOGICAL REACTION
2	3A	OTHER INJURY OR PROBLEM
4	3A	SUICIDE
4	3A	STRANGULATION
4	3A	SUFFOCATION
4	1A	NEURO
3	1A	INJURY
4	1A	RETINA DETACHMENT
4	1A	PARALYSIS
4	1A	CORD DAMAGE
4	1A	DENTAL
4	1A	FALL
4	1A	DROWNING
4	1A	NERVE INJURY
4	1A	VASCULAR INJURY
4	3A	IMMERSION HAND
4	3A	HEAT SYNCOPE
*	***	INTERNAL LOCATION
4	3A	INTERNAL GENITAL ORGANS
2	3A	INTERNAL GENTIAL ORGANS
4	3A	GLANDS/NODES
4	3A	POPLITEAL VEIN
4	1A	JOINT
4	3A	POPLITEAL ARTERY
4	3A	KIDNEY
4	3A	MEDIASTINUM/PLEURA
4	3A	PLEURAL CAVITY
-	JA	I LLUKAL CAVII I

4	0.1	DIL E DITOMO
4	3A	BILE DUCTS
4	3A	DESCENDING AORTA
4	3A	MAJOR ARTERIES/VEINS
4	3A	PARATHYROID
4	3A	PLEURAE
4	1C	URETERS
4	3A	NUCLEUS PULPOSUS
4	1A	CARTILAGE/LIGAMENT
4	3A	LOWER EXTREMITY NERVES
4	1A	LOWER EXTREMITY ART/VEINS
4	1A	CARTILAGE
4	1A	BURSA
4	1A	MUSCLE
4	1A	TENDON
4	1A	LIGAMENT
4	1A	SCIATIC NERVE
		ANTERIOR CRUCIATE
2	1A	
4	3A	MEDIASTINUM
4	1A	NERVES, GENERALLY
4	1A	ARTERIES/VEINS, GENERALLY
4	1A	SPINAL VEINS
*	***	OVERALL LOCATION
		CVERNEE ECCHITCH
2	1A	WHOLE BODY
	1A 1A	
2		WHOLE BODY
2 3	1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY
2	1A 1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION
2 3 3	1A 1A 1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY
2 3 3	1A 1A 1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION
2 3 3 3 *	1A 1A 1A 1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL
2 3 3 3 * 3	1A 1A 1A 1A ***	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY
2 3 3 3 *	1A 1A 1A 1A ***	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC
2 3 3 3 * 3	1A 1A 1A 1A ***	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC
2 3 3 3 * 3 3	1A 1A 1A 1A *** 1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC PSYCH
2 3 3 3 * 3 3 * 2	1A 1A 1A 1A *** 1A 1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC PSYCH  NONSPECIFIC BODY LOCATION
2 3 3 3 * 3 3 * 2 2	1A 1A 1A 1A *** 1A 1A ***	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC PSYCH  NONSPECIFIC BODY LOCATION OTHER LOCATION UNSPECIFIC LOCATION
2 3 3 3 * 3 3 * 2 2 2 3	1A 1A 1A 1A *** 1A 1A *** 1A 1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC PSYCH  NONSPECIFIC BODY LOCATION OTHER LOCATION UNSPECIFIC LOCATION OTHER PARTS AFFECTED
2 3 3 3 * 3 3 * 2 2	1A 1A 1A 1A *** 1A 1A ***	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC PSYCH  NONSPECIFIC BODY LOCATION OTHER LOCATION UNSPECIFIC LOCATION
2 3 3 3 * 3 3 * 2 2 2 3	1A 1A 1A 1A *** 1A 1A *** 1A 1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC PSYCH  NONSPECIFIC BODY LOCATION OTHER LOCATION UNSPECIFIC LOCATION OTHER PARTS AFFECTED
2 3 3 3 * 3 3 * 2 2 2 3 2	1A 1A 1A 1A *** 1A 1A 1A 1A 1A 1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC PSYCH  NONSPECIFIC BODY LOCATION OTHER LOCATION UNSPECIFIC LOCATION OTHER PARTS AFFECTED UNKNOWN LOCATION
2 3 3 3 * 3 3 * 2 2 2 3 2	1A 1A 1A 1A *** 1A 1A 1A 1A 1A 1A 1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC PSYCH  NONSPECIFIC BODY LOCATION OTHER LOCATION UNSPECIFIC LOCATION OTHER PARTS AFFECTED UNKNOWN LOCATION  BASE OF THE SKULL HEAD
2 3 3 3 * 3 3 * 2 2 3 2 * 3 3	1A 1A 1A 1A *** 1A 1A 1A 1A 1A 1A 1A 3A 3A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC PSYCH  NONSPECIFIC BODY LOCATION OTHER LOCATION UNSPECIFIC LOCATION OTHER PARTS AFFECTED UNKNOWN LOCATION  BASE OF THE SKULL HEAD SKULL
2 3 3 3 * 3 3 * 2 2 2 3 2	1A 1A 1A 1A *** 1A 1A 1A 1A 1A 1A 1A	WHOLE BODY BODY GENERALLY SKIN GENERALLY GENERAL LOCATION SOFT TISSUES GENERALLY  MENTAL PSYCHOGENIC PSYCH  NONSPECIFIC BODY LOCATION OTHER LOCATION UNSPECIFIC LOCATION OTHER PARTS AFFECTED UNKNOWN LOCATION  BASE OF THE SKULL HEAD

4 4 3 4 3 2 4	3A 3A 1A 1A 1A 1B 3A	BRAIN & COVERINGS CRANIAL NERVES HEAD, OTHER HEAD ARTERIES/VEINS CRANIO BASILAR FACIAL NERVE
*	***	TOP OF SKULL
3 3	3A 1C	SCALP PARIETAL
*	***	
		FOREHEAD
2	2B	FRONTAL REGION
3	1C	FRONTAL LOBE
*	***	JAW
2	3A	JAW BONES
3	3A	JAW JOINT
2	3A	MANDIBLE
3	1C	TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT
*	***	EAR
*	***	TEMPLE
3	2B	TEMPORAL REGION
*	***	LEFT SIDE OF THE BODY, HEAD OR EXTREMITIES
2	1A	LEFT
*	***	RIGHT SIDE OF THE BODY, HEAD OR EXTREMITIES
2	1A	RIGHT
2	IA	RIGHT
*	***	BOTH SIDES OF THE BODY, HEAD OR EXTREMITIES
2	1C	BILATERAL
*	***	EYE
2	1C	EYEBALL
3	1C	EYELID
4	1C	CORNEA
4	1C	CORNEAL
*	***	NOSE
		NOSE
3	1B	NASAL

*	***	MOUTH
3	1B	TONGUE
3	1C	LIPS
4	3A	CANINES (CUSPIDS)
4	1C	CEMENTUM
4	3A	DENTIN
4	3A	GINGIVA (GUMS)
4	3A	INCISORS
4	3A	MOLARS
4	3A	PREMOLARS (BICUSPID)
4	3A	PULP
4	3A	ROOT CANAL
4	1A	ENAMEL
4	1A	TEETH
•		
*	***	CHIN
*	***	FACE
2	3A	FACIAL (INJURY)
2	3A	FACIAL
3	3A	CHEEK
4	1 A	FACIAL BONES
4	1C	ZYGOMA
3	3A	OTHER BONES OF FACE
4	3A	FACE, OTHER
4	3A	MAXILLARY
4	3A	SINUSES
*	***	NECK
2	3A	NECK INJURY
4	3A	NECK NERVES
4	1A	BASE OF NECK
4	3A	LARYNX
4	3A	PHARYNX
4	3A	GLANDS IN NECK
4	1C	HYOID BONE
4	3A	NECK, OTHER
4	3A	NECK ARTERIES/VEINS
4	3A	UPPER NECK
4	3A	ESOPHAGUS
4	3A	<b>EPIGLOTTIS</b>
4	1C	TRACHEA
4	3A	THROAT
2	1C	CERVICAL
_		

*	***	SHOULDER
3	1B	DELTOID
4	1B	CLAVICLE
4	1A	SHOULDER JOINT
4	1C	ACROMIOCLAVICULAR JOINT
3	1A	SHOULDER, OTHER
2	1C	ACROMION
2	10	ACROMON
*	***	SUCKING CHEST WOUND
2	2A	OPEN PNEUMOTHORAX
3	2A	PNEUMOTHORAX
3	2A	TENSION PNEUMOTHORAX
4	3A	HEMOPNEUMOTHORAX
*	***	NONSUCKING CHEST WOUND
3	3A	PERICARDIAL TAMPONADE
4	1C	HEMOTHORAX
4	1A	BRONCHI
3	1A	UPPER QUAD
4	1A	PULMONARY
3	3A	CHEST
3	1C	THORAX-CHEST
3	1C	LUNGS
3	1A	THORAX
4	1A	BRONCHI/TRACHEA
4	1A	THORAX JOINTS
4	1A	THORAX ARTERIES/VEINS
4	1A	THORAX NERVES
4	1A	HEART
3	1C	THORAX OTHER
4	3A	SUPRACLAVICULAR AREA
4	3A	INTERCOSTAL (RIB) MUSCLES
4	3A	RIBS
4	1C	ALVEOLI
4	3A	STERNUM
4	3A	DIAPHRAGM
*	***	SPINE
4	1A	SPINAL CORD
4	1A	CERVICAL SPINE
3	1A	BELOW CERVICAL SPINE
*	***	ABDOMEN
2	2B	ABD

4	1B	STOMACH
2	1A	ABDOMINAL
4	1A	ABDOMEN, OTHER
4	1C	COLON MESENTERY
4	1A	LARGE BOWEL
4	3A	SMALL BOWEL
4	1C	ABDOMINAL WALL
4	1C	APPENDIX
4	1C	ABDOMINAL NERVES
4	3A	INTESTINES
4	3A	MESENTERY
4	1C	OMENTUM
4	1C	PERITONEUM
4	3A	PANCREAS
4	1C	LIVER
4	1C	GALLBLADDER
4	1C	BILE PASSAGES
4	1C	SPLEEN
4	3A	BLADDER
4	3A	COLON
4	1A	ABDOMINAL ARTERIES/VEINS
4	1C	ABDOMINAL CAVITY
4	3A	ABDOMINOTHORACIC
2	3A	DUODENAL
-	311	DOODERNIE
*	***	MID SIDE OF BODY
*	***	BACK
2	3A	BACK INJURY
3	1B	LUMBAR REGION
4	3A	VERTEBRA
4	3A	VERTEBRAL JOINT
4	3A	SCAPULA
*	***	HIP
3	1C	PELVIS
4	1B	SACRUM
4	1A	PELVIC NERVES
4	1A	PELVIS BONES
4	1C	SACROILIAC JOINT
4	1A	PELVIS OTHER
4	1A	HIP JOINT

*	***	BUTTOCKS
4	3A	ANUS
4	3A	ANAL REGION
2	1C	GLUTEAL
4	3A	RECTUM
*	***	GENITALS
3	3A	GROIN/GENITAL
4	3A	PENIS
2	1A	GENITALIA
4	1A	GROIN
4	3A	TESTES
4	3A	SCROTUM
4	3A	GENITAL ORGANS, FEMALE
3	3A	G.U.
3	1C	PERINEAL REGION
4	3A	URETHRA
2	2B	EXTERNAL REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS
*	***	UPPER ARM
3	1C	HUMERUS
3	1C	BICEPS
4	1A	UPPER EXTREMITY
4	1A	UPPER EXTREMITY NERVES
4	1A	UPPER EXTREMITY ART/VEINS
4	1A	ARM OTHER
2	1A	UPPER EXTREMITY OTHER
4	1A	EXTREMITY
3	1A	ARM
4	1A	FULL ARM
3	1C	TRICEPS
*	***	ELBOW
4	1A	ELBOW JOINT
3	3A	GLENOHUMERAL JOINT
*	***	FOREARM
3	3A	ULNA
3	3A	RADIUS
4	1A	FULL ARM
3	3A	RADIUS/ULNA BOTH
*	***	WRIST
2	1C	CARPAL BONES

4	1C	WRIST JOINT
*	***	HAND
3	1A	FIST
4	1C	METACARPAL BONES
4	1A	KNUCKLES
4	3A	HAND JOINT
4	JA	mad John
*	***	FINGER
3	3A	THUMB
3	3A	LITTLE FINGER
3 -	3A	MIDDLE FINGER
3	3A	INDEX FINGER
2	3A	FINGERTIPS
2	3A	PHALANGES
4	3A	FINGER JOINT
*	***	UPPER LEG
3	1C	FEMUR
2	1B	THIGH
3	1C	RECTUS FEMORIS
4	1A	LOWER LIMB
4	1C	HAMSTRINGS
4	3A	ABOVE KNEE
*	***	KNEE
3	1C	PATELLA
2	1A	KNEE JOINT
4	1C	MENISCUS OF THE KNEE
3	1B	KNEE CAP
3	П	KIVEE C/II
*	***	SHIN/CALF
3	1C	TIBIA
3	1C	FIBULA
3	1A	CALF
4	1C	TIBIAL NERVE
3	1A	BELOW KNEE
4	1A	LOWER LIMB
3	1A	TIB
3 3	1A	FIB
4	1A	EXTREMITIES
4 3	1A	LOWER LEG
2	1A	LOWER EXTREMITIES
2	1A	FIBULA/TIBIA BOTH
_		<del> </del>

2 2 3	1A 1A 1A	LEG OTHER LOWER EXTREMITY OTHER LEGS
*	***	ANKLE
3	1A	ANKLE JOINT
3	1C	ACHILLES
*	***	FOOT
2	1C	TARSAL BONES
2	1C	METATARSAL BONES
4 -	3A	CALCANEUS
4	1A	HEEL
2	1A	FOOT JOINT
*	***	TOE
3	1A	TOETIPS
4	1B	GREAT TOE
3	1A	TOE JOINT
4	3A	LITTLE TOE
4	3A	MIDDLE TOE
4	1A	3RD TOE
*	***	BATTLE DRESSING
3	1A	FIELD DRESSING
4	3A	DRY DRESSING
7	JA	DK1 DRESSING
*	***	WET DRESSING
2	1A	WET DRSG
*	***	PRESSURE DRESSING
3	1A	DIRECT PRESSURE
4	3A	ACE WRAP
7	JA	ACE WRAF
*	***	OCCLUSIVE DRESSING
*	***	MUSLIN DRESSING
*	***	ROLLER GAUZE
*	***	WATER GEL
*	***	VASELINE GAUZE

*** 3A 3A 1B 3A 3A	OTHER DRESSING DRESSING-TREATMENT DRESSING-APPLICATIONS BANDAGE DRESSING DRSG
*** 1A 1A	TOURNIQUET TOURNIQUET TIME & DATE PRESSURE POINTS
*** 3A 3A 1A	SPLINT AIRSPLINT SOFT SPLINT BULKY SPLINT
***	SLING
***	SWATHE
*** 1A	DECON WIPE DECONTAMINATE
***	CHEST TUBE
*** 1A 1A 1A	IMMOBILIZE PATIENT IMMOBILIZE IMMOBILIZING BOARD COLLAR
***	IMMOBILIZE OBJECT
*** 1A	ASSISTED VENTILATION RESP. ASSISTED
*** 3A 3A 3A 3A 3A 3A 3A	ET TUBE ENDOTRACHEAL TUBE ENDOTRACHEAL INTUBATION INTUBATION INTUBATED AIRWAY ORAL INTUBATION OET NET
	3A 3A 1B 3A 3A 3A 3A 3A 3A  ***  1A 1A  ***  ***

*	***	NG TUBE
2	2B	NASOGASTRIC TUBE
2	2B	NG
*	***	TRACHEOTOMY
2	1A	TRACH
*	***	CRICOTHYROIDOTOMY
2	1A	CRICH
_		C-12-01-2
*	***	OTHER AIRWAY TREATMENT NOT SPECIFIED
3	3A	NASOPHARYNGEAL
3	3A	NASAL AIRWAY
3	3A	NASAL INTUBATION
3	3A	ORAL AIRWAY
*	***	ATROPINE 1 INJECTION
2	1A	ATROPINE
*	***	ATROPINE 2 INJECTIONS
*	***	ATROPINE 3 INJECTIONS
*	***	ATROPINE 4 INJECTIONS
*	***	ATROPINE 5 INJECTIONS
*	***	TWOPAM CHLORIDE 1 INJECTION
2	1 <b>A</b>	2PAM CHLORIDE
4	2A	N.B.C. ANTIDOTES
*	***	TWOPAM CHLORIDE 2 INJECTIONS
*	***	THOUAN CHI ONDE 2 DIFFCTIONS
*	<i>ተ</i> ተ ተ	TWOPAM CHLORIDE 3 INJECTIONS
*	***	TWOPAM CHLORIDE 4 INJECTIONS
		TWOTAM CHEOKIDE 4 INJECTIONS
*	***	TWOPAM CHLORIDE 5 INJECTIONS
		THOTTIM CILDONIDE S HIJECTIONS
*	***	VALIUM 5 MG
3	1A	VALIUM
*	***	VALIUM 10 MG

*	***	RINGERS LACTATE
2	3A	RINGERS
2	1A	RINGERS LACTATE (IV)
2	2B	R.L.
2	3A	L.R.
3	3A	BLOOD VOLUME EXPANDERS
*	***	NORMAL SALINE SOLUTION
2	1A	SALINE (IV)
*	***	D5W - 5% DEXTROSE SOLUTION
4	3A	REPLACE FLUIDS
al.	de de de	DI GOD DD ODIVOM
*	***	BLOOD PRODUCT
4	3A	WHOLE BLOOD (IV)
4	3A	BLOOD REPLACEMENT
3	1A	BLOOD UNIT
3	1A	BLOOD (CC)
4	3A	TOTAL BLOOD
4	3A	TYPE SPECIFIC
*	***	MORPHINE 8 MG
4	1A	MORPHINE
3	1A	DOSE MORPHINE
3	1A	MORPHINE-1ST
*	***	MORPHINE 16 MG
3	1A	MORPHINE-2ND
*	***	MODDIUNE 24 MC
3	1A	MORPHINE 24 MG
3	IA	MORPHINE-3RD
*	***	MORPHINE 32 MG
*	***	OTHER MEDICATION
4	3A	PRESCRIPTION(S)
4	3A	IMMUNIZATION(S)
4	3A	CURRENT MEDICATION
4	3A	ANESTHETICS
4	3A	ANTIFUNGAL (S.T.D.) TREATMENT
4	3A	ASPIRIN
4	3A	BUPIVICAINE
4	3A	CHLOROQUINE (MALARIA)
4	3A	EPINEPHRINE

4	3A	LASIX	
4	3A	LIDOCAINE	
4	3A	NARCAN	
4	3A	MS04	
4	1A	I.V.	
2	1A	MEDICATIONS	
4	3A	A.T. SERUM	
4	3A	BACITRACIN	
4	3A	BETADINE	
4	3A	50% DEXTROSE SOLUTION	
4	3A	PROPHYLACTIC	
4	3A	PRIMAQUINE	
4	3A	DOXYCYCLINE	
*	***	PLACE ON AFFECTED SIDE	
2	1A	AFFECTED SIDE	
2	IA	ATTECTED SIDE	
*	***	CPR	
2	1A	CARDIOPULMONARY RESUSCITATION	
*	***	TREATED FOR SHOCK	
3	1A	LEG ELEVATION	
4	1A	ELEVATE FEET (HEAT EXHAUSTION)	
*	***	OTHER TREATMENT NOT SPECIFIED	
	3A		
2	_	OTHER MINISTRATIONS	
4	3A	DEBRIDEMENT	
2	1A	OTHER TREATMENT	
2	1A	TREATMENT	
4	3A	C SPINE	
4	3A	FOLEY CATH	
4	3A	C-SPINE PRECAUTIONS	
4	3A	O2	
*	***	IN SHOCK	
2	3A	SHOCK	
4	3A	SEPTIC BLOOD STREAM SHOCK	
4	3A	ANAPHYLACTIC	
*	***	ALERT	
*	***	RESPONSIVE TO VERBAL STIMULUS	
4	1A	VERBAL	
2	1A	RESPONSIVE TO VOICE	
_	- * *	1101 01101 10 10101	

*	***	RESPONSIVE TO PAIN	
2	3A	PAIN RESPONSE	
3	3A	PURPOSEFUL RESP. TO PAIN	
	3A	UNPURPOSEFUL RESP. TO PAIN	
3 3	3A	PAIN	
3	3A	PURPOSEFUL MOVEMENT TO PAIN	
*	***	UNRESPONSIVE	
2	3A	UNCONSCIOUS	
2	3A	TOTALLY UNRESPONSIVE	
	3A	BLACKOUT	
2 3	3A	PREVIOUSLY UNCONSCIOUS	
3	3A	COMATOSE	
2	1A	NO VERBAL ABILITY	
3	1A 1A	NO SPEECH	
3 3 3	1A 1A	NO VERBAL RESPONSE	
2	1A 1A	VERBAL RESPONSE NONE	
2	IA	VERBAL RESIGNOE NONE	
*	***	NO PULSE	
2	3A	ABSENT PULSE	
*	***	PULSE 1 TO 59	
3	1C	HEART RATE	
4	3A	DISTAL PULSE	
4	3A	MAST PULSE	
3	3A	CAROTID PULSE	
3	3A	FEMORAL PULSE	
3	3A	RADIAL PULSE	
3	3A	QUAL PULSE	
3	3A	CAP PULSE	
*	***	PULSE 60 TO 99	
*	***	PULSE OVER 99	
*	***	NO RESPIRATION	
2	1A	RR(O)	
3	3A	ABSENT LUNG SOUNDS	
*	***	RESPIRATIONS 1 TO 5	
4	1A	RESPIRATORY RATE	
2	1A	RR (1-5)	
		• •	

*	***	RESPIRATIONS 6 TO 9
2	1A	RR (6-9)
		111 (0 ))
*	***	RESPIRATIONS 10 TO 29
2	1A	RR (10-29)
		()
*	***	RESPIRATIONS OVER 29
2	1A	RR (>29)
		` '
*	***	MEDEVAC
2	3A	EVACUATED
2	3A	EVACUATION
2	1B	TRANSFER
2	1A	AIR EVACUATION
*	***	AMBULATORY
*	***	RETURNED TO DUTY
2	1A	R.T.D.
3	1A	FULL DUTY
3	1A	LIGHT DUTY
*	***	EXPIRED
2	1B	DECEASED
2	1A	DIED
4	1A	VITAL SIGNS, NONE PRESENT
2	2B	DEAD
*	***	CORPSMAN MEDIC
2	1A	MEDIC
3	1A	AIDMAN
3	1A	MEDICAL AID
2	1A	HOSPITAL CORPSMAN
<u></u>	ate ate at	
*	***	BUDDY AID
*	***	CELE AID
	4(-1,-1,-	SELF AID
*	***	DOCTOR
3	1A	MEDICAL OFFICER (SIGNATURE)
-	174	MEDICAL OFFICER (SIGNATURE)
*	***	OTHER MEDICAL PROVIDER
3	1A	NURSE
4	1A	CHAPLAIN (SIGNATURE)

2	1A	PROVIDER
4	1A	CHAPLAIN
*	***	<b>BLOOD PRESSURE OVER 89</b>
2	1A	SBP >89
3	1A	SYSTOLIC BLOOD PRESSURE
*	***	BLOOD PRESSURE 76 TO 89
2	1A	SBP (76-89)
*	***	BLOOD PRESSURE 50 TO 75
2	1A	SBP (50-75)
*	***	BLOOD PRESSURE 1 TO 49
2	1A	SBP (1-49)
*	***	NO BLOOD PRESSURE
2	1A	SBP (0)
*	***	NO BLOOD LOSS
al.	als als als	Introduct by controd
*	***	UNKNOWN BLOOD LOSS
3	1A	HEMORRHAGE
3	1A	BLEEDING
3	1C	HEMORRHAGIC
*	***	CEVEDE DI OOD I OCC
*	414 - 24- 43-	SEVERE BLOOD LOSS
*	***	MODERATE BLOOD LOSS
•		MODERATE BLOOD LOSS
*	***	MILD BLOOD LOSS
		MILD BLOOD LOSS
*	***	EYE OPEN SPONTANEOUS
3	1A	SPONTANEOUS
3	171	SI SIVIANESSS
*	***	EYE OPEN TO VOICE
3	1A	TO VOICE
3	***	10 VOICE
*	***	EYE OPEN TO PAIN
3	1A	TO PAIN
3	1A	PAIN RESPONSE
*	***	NO EYE OPENING
3	1A	EYE OPENING, NONE
		·

*	***	ORIENTED	
4	1A	VERBAL RESPONSE	
4	1 A	SPEECH CHARACTERISTICS	
3	1A	COHERENT SPEECH	
2	1A	VERBAL RESPONSE ORIENTED	
*	***	CONFUSED	
2	1A	DISORIENTED	
2	1A	VERBAL RESPONSE CONFUSED	
*	***	INAPPROPRIATE VERBAL RESPONSE	
2	1B	INCOHERENT SPEECH	
3	1A	INAPPROPRIATE	
2	1A	VERBAL RESPONSE INAPPROP.	
*	***	INCOMPREHENSIBLE SPEECH	
2	1A	GARBLED SPEECH	
4	1A	INCOMPREH	
2	1A	VERBAL RESPONSE INCOMPR.	
*	***	OBEYS COMMANDS	
3	1A	OBEY COMM	
*	***	LOCAL PAIN RESPONSE	
2	1A	LOCAL PAIN	
*	***	WITHDRAWS FROM PAIN	
2	1A	WITHDRAW PAIN	
2	1A	WITHDRAW TO PAIN	
*	***	FLEXION TO PAIN	
2	1A	FLEXION PAIN	
*	***	EXTENSION TO PAIN	
2	1A	EXTENSION PAIN	
*	***	NO MOTOR SIGNS	
4	1A	MOTOR FUNCTION	
2	1A	NO MOTOR RESPONSE	
3	1 A	MOTOR RESPONSE	
*	***	BAPTISM	

*	***	ANOINTMENT
2	1A	ANOINTING
*	***	CONFESSION
*	***	PRAYER
4	1A	OTHER RELIGIOUS SERVICE
*	***	COMMUNION
2	1A	HOLY COMMUNION
*	***	ANTIBIOTICS
4	1A	DOSE ANTIBIOTICS
*	***	TETANUS
4	1A	DOSE TETANUS TOXOID
4	1A	HOUR DATE TETANUS TOXOID
2	1A	TETANUS SHOT
2	1A	TETANUS TOXOID
*	***	OTHER MEDICAL ORDER
2	1A	ORDERS
3	1A	DOCTOR'S ORDERS
*	***	INTERNAL INJURY
*	***	HOSTILE ACTION
2	1A	ENEMY ACTION YES/NO
4	1A	LINE OF DUTY
2	1A	HOSTILE FIRE
	4.4.4	
*	***	BATTLE INJURY
4	1A	INJURED ASHORE
4	1A	INJURED ABOARD
2 4	1A	B.C.
	1A	INJURED ON DUTY
2	1A	COMBAT WOUND
al.	ata ata ata	MONDARE E MANDY
*	***	NONBATTLE INJURY
2	1A	N.B.I.
4	1A	INJURED OFF DUTY

*	***	OTHER PROBLEM CATEGORY
4	1D	DRUG ABUSE
4	1D	ALCOHOL ABUSE
4	1A	DRUG ADDICTION
4	1A	ALCOHOL DEPENDENCY
4	1A	ALCOHOL MISUSE
4	1D	GENERAL MALAISE/FATIGUE
4	1D	HEADACHE
4	1A	PREGNANCY
2	1D	OTHER MEDICAL PROBLEM
4	3A	EXHAUSTION
4	1A	SEIZURE
*	***	NO DRESSING USED
*	***	PRESSURE DRESSING AND TOURNIQUET
4	1A	BLEEDING CONTROL
4	1A	BLEEDING CONTROLLED

## Appendix G: Items That Cannot Be Sufficiently Documented By The MEDTAG Prototype

The items are listed by category, followed by each specific item (bolded items):

## I. Eye conditions

- A. PUPIL SIZE, PUPIL REACTION
  - i. P.E.R.L.A.
  - ii. PUPILS PINPOINT
  - iii. PUPILS UNEQUAL
  - iv. PUPILS DILATED & FIXED
- B. VISUAL IMPAIRMENT

## II. Skin conditions

- A. SKIN COLOR
  - i. NORM SKIN COLOR
  - ii. PALE SKIN
  - iii. FLUSHED/RED SKIN
  - iv. CYANOTIC SKIN
  - v. ASHEN SKIN
- B. Skin moisture
  - i. NORMAL SKIN MOIST.
  - ii. MOIST SKIN
  - iii. DRY SKIN
- C. Skin temperature
  - i. HOT SKIN
  - ii. WARM SKIN
  - iii. NORMAL SKIN
  - iv. COOL SKIN
  - v. COLD SKIN

## III. Symptoms

- A. NUMBNESS
- B. SWELLING, EDEMA
- C. CLEAR DRAINAGE FROM EAR
- D. BLOOD FROM EAR
- E. CLEAR DRAINAGE FROM NOSE
- F. BLOOD FROM NOSE
- G. BLOOD FROM MOUTH
- H. Extremity movement
  - i. MOVES ALL FOUR EXTREM., MOVES EXTREMITIES ON COMMAND
  - ii. MOVEMENT RIGHT ARM, MOVES RIGHT ARM
  - iii. MOVEMENT LEFT ARM, MOVES LEFT ARM
  - iv. MOVEMENT RIGHT LEG, MOVES RIGHT LEG

- v. MOVEMENT LEFT LEG, MOVES LEFT LEG
  I. COMPROMISED AIRWAY
  J. TENDERNESS
  K. BATTLE'S SIGN
- IV. Respiration
  - A. Lung sounds
    - i. CLEAR LUNG SOUNDS
    - ii. ABSENT LUNG SOUNDS
    - iii. COURSE/FINE RALES
  - B. Respiratory effort/quality
    - i. RESPIRATORY EFFORT NORMAL
    - ii. RESPIRATORY EFFORT SHALLOW
    - iii. LABORED BREATHING
    - iv. IRREGULAR BREATHING
    - v. DEEP BREATHING
- V. CAPILLARY REFILL, BLANCH TIME
  - A. CAP. REFILL NORMAL
  - B. CAP. REFILL DELAYED
  - C. CAP. REFILL NONE
- VI. Pulse/blood pressure
  - A. DIASTOLIC BLOOD PRESSURE
  - B. Pulse strength
    - i. STRONG PULSE
    - ii. WEAK PULSE
- VII. PERCENT OF BSA
  - A. BSA <10%
  - B. BSA 10-19%
  - C. BSA 20-29%
  - D. BSA 30-39%
- VIII. Chest/heart conditions
  - A. FLAIL CHEST
  - B. CARDIAC ARREST
- IX. Treatment
  - A. FRACTURE REDUCTION
  - B. WASH W/SOAPY WATER
  - C. OROPHARYNGEAL AIRWAY
  - D. I.V.
    - i. I.V. LOCATION, I.V. SITE

- I.V. VOLUME ii.
- PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE E.
- Chest tube side F.
  - CHEST TUBE RIGHT SIDE i.
  - **CHEST TUBE LEFT SIDE** ii.
  - **CHEST TUBE BOTH SIDES** iii.
- X. Body temperature
  - TÉMP. C A.
  - TEMP. F B.
- XI.
- Problem type
  A. HEAT CRAMPS

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The menu items in the MEDTAG, an automated medical data documentation system, were assessed to verify their comprehensiveness in the variety of injuries, illnesses, treatments, and other related information that can be encountered and documented in the battlefield. The menu items were compared to items from 13 sources of battlefield and trauma information. The source items were categorized by how well the MEDTAG could document them and were then reviewed and verified by staff members of the Field Medical Service School. The findings show that 93% of the source items could be documented by the MEDTAG, which suggests that the menu items are quite comprehensive. Most of the items that could not be documented fall into the category of "Patient Conditions." A new MEDTAG prototype is under development that will have increased memory expansion, which will allow for many menu item additions, especially in the "Patient Conditions" area.			
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Medical data collection device

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